

Abbots Ripton Church of England Primary School

Positive Behaviour Policy and statement of behaviour principles

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Date: February 2024

Review date: February 2027

Our church school creates a firm foundation where together, with God's help and with the help of others, we learn for life, achieve our best and grow in faith

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1. Aims

This policy is designed to promote and maintain positive behaviour at Abbots Ripton CE Primary School

It is a primary aim of Abbots Ripton CE Primary School that we teach and follow Christian values that are built on trust and respect. As a church school, our Christian Foundation is extremely important to us and is evident in every aspect of school life, but most importantly through our values. These values are the foundations of our behaviour policy, and we use them to talk to the pupils about their actions and to help them understand consequences.

This behaviour policy is not primarily concerned with rule enforcement but rather it is a means of promoting good relationships, so that people can work together with the common purpose of helping everyone to learn. This policy supports the school community in aiming to allow everyone to work together in an effective, respectful, considerate way. We treat all pupils fairly and apply this behaviour policy in a consistent way.

The school aims to help pupils grow in a safe and secure environment, and to become positive, responsible and increasingly independent members of the school community and the community beyond.

The school recognises and promotes positive behaviour, as it believes that this will develop an ethos of kindness and cooperation. This policy is therefore designed to encourage positive behaviour, rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour.

This policy aims to:

- > Create a positive culture that promotes excellent behaviour, ensuring that all pupils have the opportunity to learn in a calm, safe and supportive environment
- > Establish a whole-school approach to maintaining high standards of behaviour that reflect the values of the school
- > Outline the expectations and consequences of behaviour
- > Provide a consistent approach to behaviour management that is applied equally to all pupils
- > Define what we consider to be unacceptable behaviour, including bullying and discrimination

2. Legislation, statutory requirements and statutory guidance

This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:

- **>** Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2022
- > Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools 2022
- > The Equality Act 2010
- > Keeping Children Safe in Education
- > <u>Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral</u> units in England, including pupil movement 2023
- > Use of reasonable force in schools
- > Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school
- > Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice

In addition, this policy is based on:

- > Section 175 of the Education Act 2002, which outlines a school's duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of its pupils
- > Sections 88 to 94 of the <u>Education and Inspections Act 2006</u>, which requires schools to regulate pupils' behaviour and publish a behaviour policy and written statement of behaviour principles, and gives schools the authority to confiscate pupils' property
- > DfE guidance explaining that maintained schools must publish their behaviour policy online

3. Definitions

Misbehaviour is defined as:

- > Disruption in lessons, in the dining hall and at break and lunchtimes
- > Being rude or discourteous to others
- > Poor attitude

Serious misbehaviour is defined as:

- > Repeated breaches of the school code
- > Any form of bullying
- > Vandalism
- > Theft
- > Physical violence
- > Aggression
- > Swearing
- > Racist, sexist, homophobic or discriminatory language and/or behaviour

4. Bullying

Bullying is defined as the repetitive, intentional harming of 1 person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power.

Bullying is, therefore:

- > Deliberately hurtful
- > Repeated, often over a period of time
- > Difficult to defend against

Bullying can include:

TYPE OF BULLYING	DEFINITION
Emotional	Being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting
Physical	Hitting, kicking, pushing, taking another's belongings, any use of violence
Prejudice-based and discriminatory, including:	Taunts, gestures or physical abuse focused on a particular characteristic (e.g. gender, race, sexuality)
 Racial Faith-based Gendered (sexist) Homophobic/biphobic Transphobic Disability-based 	
Direct or indirect verbal	Name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
Cyber-bullying	Bullying that takes place online, such as through social networking sites, messaging apps, gaming sites, devices or via images, audio, video, or written content generated by artificial intelligence (AI)

Details of our school's approach to preventing and addressing bullying are set out in our Antibullying Policy.

5. Roles and responsibilities

5.1 The governing body

The governing body is responsible for:

- > Reviewing and approving the written statement of behaviour principles (appendix 1)
- > Reviewing this behaviour policy in conjunction with the headteacher
- > Monitoring the policy's effectiveness
- > Holding the headteacher to account for its implementation

5.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- > Reviewing this policy in conjunction with the governing body
- > Giving due consideration to the school's statement of behaviour principles (appendix 1)
- > Approving this policy
- > Ensuring that the school environment encourages positive behaviour

- > Ensuring that staff deal effectively with poor behaviour
- > Monitoring that the policy is implemented by staff consistently with all groups of pupils
- > Ensuring that all staff understand the behavioural expectations and the importance of maintaining them
- > Providing new staff with a clear induction into the school's behavioural culture to ensure they understand its rules and routines, and how best to support all pupils to participate fully
- > Offering appropriate training in behaviour management, and the impact of special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) and mental health needs on behaviour, to any staff who require it, so they can fulfil their duties set out in this policy
- > Ensuring this policy works alongside the safeguarding policy to offer pupils both sanctions and support when necessary
- > Ensuring that data from the behaviour log is reviewed regularly, to make sure that no groups of pupils are being disproportionately impacted by this policy (see section 9.1)

5.3 Teachers and staff

Behaviour Management is the responsibility of all staff at Abbots Ripton CE Primary School.

Staff are responsible for:

- > Creating a calm and safe environment for pupils
- > Establishing and maintaining clear boundaries of acceptable pupil behaviour
- > Implementing the behaviour policy consistently
- Communicating the school's expectations, routines, values and standards through teaching behaviour and in every interaction with pupils
- > Modelling expected behaviour and positive relationships
- > Providing a personalised approach to the specific behavioural needs of particular pupils
- Considering the impact of their own behaviour on the school culture and how they can uphold school rules and expectations
- > Recording behaviour incidents promptly
- > Challenging pupils to meet the school's expectations

The senior leadership team (SLT) will support staff in responding to behaviour incidents.

5.4 Parents and carers

Parents and carers, where possible, should:

- > Get to know the school's behaviour policy and reinforce it at home where appropriate
- > Support their child in adhering to the school's behaviour policy
- > Inform the school of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour
- > Discuss any behavioural concerns with the class teacher promptly
- > Take part in any pastoral work following misbehaviour (for example, attending reviews of specific behaviour interventions)
- > Raise any concerns about the management of behaviour with the school directly, while continuing to work in partnership with the school
- > Take part in the life of the school and its culture

The school will endeavour to build a positive relationship with parents and carers by keeping them informed about developments in their child's behaviour and the school's policy, and working in collaboration with them to tackle behavioural issues.

5.5 Pupils

Pupils will be made aware of the following during their induction into the behaviour culture:

- > The expected standard of behaviour they should be displaying at school
- > The school's behaviour code and routines
- > That they have a duty to follow the behaviour code
- > The rewards they can earn for meeting the behaviour standards, and the consequences they will face if they don't meet the standards
- > The pastoral support that is available to them to help them meet the behaviour standards

Pupils will be supported to meet the behaviour standards and will be provided with repeated induction sessions wherever appropriate.

Pupils will be supported to develop an understanding of the school's behaviour policy and wider culture.

Pupils will be asked to give feedback on their experience of the behaviour culture to support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of the behaviour policy.

6. Our School Behaviour Code

At school, we expect all pupils to follow the school code that consists of three words: **Ready, Respectful and Safe.** All of our expectations for positive behaviour fall into this code. Some examples below have been suggested by the pupils themselves:

READY	RESPECTFUL	SAFE
To learn	Of each other	In the way we move around
To listen	Of other's views	school
To share	Of other's needs	In the way we play in the
To try our best	Of belongings	playground
To include others	Of school equipment	In the way we behave
To be kind	Of our environment	towards ourselves and others
	In the way we speak to others	In the choices we make

Where appropriate and reasonable, adjustments may be made to routines within the curriculum to ensure all pupils can meet behavioural expectations.

All classrooms display the Ready, Respectful, Safe code as well as a way of recording who has lost 5 minutes – this is decided by class teachers and as such may be different in each class. However, it will be known and understood by the pupils.

6.1 Mobile phones

We do not allow pupils to have mobile phones in school. On the occasions when they need to bring a phone e.g. they are not going straight home after school, we ask that parents bring the mobile phone to the school office for safe keeping until the end of the

day. If a child is sent to school with the mobile phone, we ask that parents let us know so that we can ensure that the phone is handed in to the office by the child at the start of the school day.

7. Responding to behaviour

7.1 Classroom management

All staff are responsible for setting the tone for positive behaviour within the school. They will:

- Create and maintain a stimulating environment that encourages pupils to be engaged
- > Develop a positive relationship with pupils, which may include:
 - > Greeting pupils in the morning/at the start of lessons
 - Establishing clear routines
 - > Communicating consistent expectations of behaviour
 - > Highlighting and promoting good behaviour
 - > Concluding the day positively and starting the next lesson/ the next day afresh
 - > Having a plan for dealing with low-level disruption
 - Using positive reinforcement

7.2 Safeguarding

The school recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a pupil is in need of help or protection.

We will consider whether a pupil's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.

Where this may be the case, we will follow our child protection and safeguarding policy, and consider whether pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information.

7.3 Responding to good behaviour

At Abbots Ripton Primary School we do not directly reward positive behaviour as there is an underlying expectation that our pupils know how to behave well and will do this at all times. However, when a pupil's behaviour goes above and beyond the expected behaviour standard, staff will recognise it with positive recognition and reward. This provides an opportunity for all staff to reinforce the school's culture and ethos.

We will offer verbal praise to pupils to reinforce our expectations and acknowledge when a pupil goes above and beyond expectations. For example if a pupil voluntarily collects litter from the playground, we would reward this with praise, a thank you and a token.

Positive reinforcements and rewards will be applied clearly and fairly to reinforce the routines, expectations and norms of the school's behaviour culture.

What are 'Tokens'?

Tokens are a reward given to pupils for work, effort or attitude which exceeds normal expectations. For example if a work target has been set and the pupils exceeds this, or if a pupil shows great determination and effort in completing a task, then a token can be given.

These tokens should be placed in the reward box outside the office by the pupils. Each half term there are three choices for a whole school reward e.g. den building, film and popcorn, non-uniform and so on, chosen by the school council. At the end of each half term, the tokens are counted and the winning reward is given to the whole school at a time agreed by all staff.

What are Tokens not be given for?

Tokens are not given for completing everyday work which shows no extra effort, perseverance or improvement on behalf of the pupil. They are also never used as a reward for avoiding bad behaviour. This is to avoid the situation where the 'more challenging' pupils are perceived by other pupils/parents as receiving tokens and certificates more quickly than those who are working hard and behaving well.

What certificates/awards do the pupils receive?

The pupils have the chance to receive different awards, all of which are awarded in Celebration assembly:

- The class teacher presents the Leading Learner Award to two pupils each week and this has a learning focus e.g. writing, maths, science, phonics etc.
- Each class teacher will also choose a pupil to receive the Headteacher's Award each week and this is focussed on the 5Rs of effective learning (Resourcefulness, Resilience, Remembering, Readiness and Reflectiveness).

We have a celebration board in the corridor and a photocopy of each certificate is placed on this board for a week after being presented. A rewards register is completed by the office to monitor who is receiving the awards each week.

7.4 Responding to misbehaviour

When a pupil's behaviour falls below the standard that can reasonably be expected of them, staff will respond in order to restore a calm and safe learning environment, and to prevent recurrence of misbehaviour.

Staff will endeavour to create a predictable environment by always challenging behaviour that falls short of the standards, and by responding in a consistent, fair and proportionate manner, so pupils know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed.

All pupils will be treated equitably under the policy, with any factors that contributed to the behavioural incident identified and taken into account.

When giving behaviour sanctions, staff will also consider what support could be offered to a pupil to help them to meet behaviour standards in the future.

Here at Abbots Ripton, we use staged consequences which we call 'steps' and these are used when pupils are not following the code:

- 1. An adult will talk to you.
- 2. An adult will talk to you again.
- 3. You will be moved within your classroom/dining room/playground away from other children and you will miss 5 minutes of your own time e.g. at the start of break or at lunchtime.

Missing 5 minutes of free time such as during break or lunchtime will happen as soon as possible after this consequence has been given and the time will be spent being supervised by the adult who has issued the consequence. This time is seen as an opportunity to talk with the pupil about their behaviour and give them an opportunity to reflect on how they could have behaved differently.

In a Church school, we expect that pupils will show remorse and apologise for their behaviour. Every opportunity will be given to make amends and help pupils to understand their mistakes. We also

expect others to show forgiveness when an apology has been offered. We often refer to a 'fresh start' with our pupils so that they can be helped to understand that they have been 'forgiven'.

Some incidents are serious enough to be recorded on our electronic recording system, MyConcern. Each class has their own area within this reporting tool and any adult in school is able to access this system. These logs are analysed by the Headteacher and any patterns noted. This analysis is also shared with the Governors in order for them to undertake their monitoring role. Parents will be informed if their child repeatedly appears in the behaviour book.

More serious behaviour incidents are also recorded on MyConcern and all follow up is added to this log. This includes any discussion between the teacher, pupil and the Headteacher. All serious misbehaviour logs will be discussed with parents/carers and strategies for improving behaviour will be explored and a course of action agreed. This may involve inclusion in the Special Educational Needs Register and/or outside agencies if behaviour is repeated and sustained intervention is needed.

Breaking the Online Safety Code, swearing, physical violence and aggression will always lead to a behaviour log being completed.

7.5 Reasonable force

Reasonable force covers a range of interventions that involve physical contact with pupils. All members of staff have a duty to use reasonable force, in the following circumstances, to prevent a pupil from:

- > Causing disorder
- > Hurting themselves or others
- Damaging property
- > Committing an offence

Incidents of reasonable force must:

- > Always be used as a last resort
- > Be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the minimum amount of time possible
- > Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
- > Never be used as a form of punishment
- > Be recorded and reported to parents/carers

When considering using reasonable force, staff should, in considering the risks, carefully recognise any specific vulnerabilities of the pupil, including SEND, mental health needs or medical conditions.

7.6 Confiscation and searching

Searching, and confiscation is conducted in line with the DfE's <u>latest guidance on searching</u>, <u>screening and confiscation</u>.

Confiscation

Any prohibited items found in a pupil's possession as a result of a search will be confiscated. These items will not be returned to the pupil.

We will also confiscate any item that is harmful or detrimental to school discipline. These items will be returned to pupils after discussion with parents /carers, if appropriate.

Searching a pupil

Searches will only be carried out by a member of staff who has been authorised to do so by the headteacher, or by the headteacher themselves.

There will always be another member of staff present as a witness to the search; in most situations this will be the Headteacher and/or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead or Assistant Headteacher.

A search can be carried out if the authorised member of staff has reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil is in possession of a prohibited item such as a weapon or if the pupil has agreed.

An appropriate location for the search will be found. Where possible, this will be away from other pupils. The search will only take place on the school premises or where the member of staff has lawful control or charge of the pupil, for example on a school trip.

Before carrying out a search the authorised member of staff will:

- > Assess whether there is an urgent need for a search
- > Assess whether not doing the search would put other pupils or staff at risk
- > Consider whether the search would pose a safeguarding risk to the pupil
- > Explain to the pupil why they are being searched
- > Explain to the pupil what a search entails e.g. "I will ask you to turn out your pockets and remove your scarf"
- > Explain how and where the search will be carried out
- > Give the pupil the opportunity to ask questions
- > Seek the pupil's co-operation

If the pupil refuses to agree to a search, parents will be contacted for their support.

An authorised member of staff may search a pupil's outer clothing, pockets, possessions, drawer or bags.

'Outer clothing' includes:

- > Any item of clothing that isn't worn wholly next to the skin or immediately over underwear (e.g. a jumper or jacket being worn over a t-shirt)
- > Hats, scarves, gloves, shoes or boots

Searching pupils' possessions

Possessions means any items that the pupil has or appears to have control of, including bags.

A pupil's possessions can be searched for any item if the pupil agrees to the search. If the pupil does not agree to the search, parents will be contacted for their support.

An authorised member of staff can search a pupil's possessions when the pupil and another member of staff are present.

Informing the designated safeguarding lead (DSL)

The staff member who carried out the search should inform the DSL without delay and all seraches will be recorded in the school's safeguarding system - MyConcern.

Informing parents/carers

Parents/carers will always be informed of any search for a prohibited item. A member of staff will tell the parents/carers as soon as is reasonably practicable:

- > What happened
- > What was found, if anything

- > What has been confiscated, if anything
- > What action the school has taken, including any sanctions that have been applied to their child

7.7 Off-site misbehaviour

Sanctions may be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site when representing the school. This means misbehaviour when the pupil is:

- > Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity (e.g. school trips)
- > Travelling to or from school
- > Wearing school uniform
- > In any other way identifiable as a pupil of our school

Sanctions may also be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site, at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, if the misbehaviour:

- > Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- > Poses a threat to another pupil
- > Could adversely affect the reputation of the school

Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of a staff member (e.g. on a school-organised trip).

7.8 Online misbehaviour

The school can issue behaviour sanctions to pupils for online misbehaviour when:

- > It poses a threat or causes harm to another pupil
- > It could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- > It adversely affects the reputation of the school
- > The pupil is identifiable as a member of the school

Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of a staff member.

7.9 Suspected criminal behaviour

If a pupil is suspected of criminal behaviour, the school will make an initial assessment of whether to report the incident to the police.

When establishing the facts, the school will endeavour to preserve any relevant evidence to hand over to the police.

If a decision is made to report the matter to the police, the headteacher will make the report.

The school will not interfere with any police action taken. However, the school may continue to follow its own investigation procedure and enforce sanctions, as long as it does not conflict with police action.

If a report to the police is made, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) will make a tandem report to children's social care, if appropriate.

7.10 Zero-tolerance approach to sexual harassment and sexual violence

The school will ensure that all incidents of sexual harassment and/or violence are met with a suitable response, and never ignored.

Pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable, no matter how 'small' they feel it might be.

The school's response will be:

- > Proportionate
- Considered
- > Supportive
- > Decided on a case-by-case basis

The school has procedures in place to respond to any allegations or concerns regarding a child's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for:

- > Responding to a report
- > Carrying out risk assessments, where appropriate, to help determine whether to:
 - Manage the incident internally
 - Refer to early help
 - o Refer to children's social care
 - Report to the police

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information.

7.11 Malicious allegations

Where a pupil makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school will consider whether to discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.

Where a pupil makes an allegation of sexual violence or sexual harassment against another pupil and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school will consider whether to discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.

In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the school (in collaboration with the local authority designated officer (LADO), where relevant) will consider whether the pupil who made the allegation is in need of help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.

The school will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and pupils accused of misconduct.

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy as well as our statement of procedures for dealing with allegations of abuse against staff

8. Serious sanctions

8.1 Fixed term and permanent exclusion

If, in spite of our best efforts and following the involvement of parents/carers and/or appropriate agencies we reserve the right to impose a 1-5 day fixed term exclusion, following that a permanent exclusion. This will always be a last resort and only in the most serious of circumstances.

Please refer to our Exclusions Guidance for more information.

9. Responding to misbehaviour from pupils with SEND

9.1 Recognising the impact of SEND on behaviour

The school recognises that pupils' behaviour may be impacted by a special educational need or disability (SEND).

When incidents of misbehaviour arise, we will consider them in relation to a pupil's SEND, although we recognise that not every incident of misbehaviour will be connected to their SEND. Decisions on whether a pupil's SEND had an impact on an incident of misbehaviour will be made on a case-by-case basis.

When dealing with misbehaviour from pupils with SEND, especially where their SEND affects their behaviour, the school will balance their legal duties when making decisions about enforcing the behaviour policy. The legal duties include:

- > Taking reasonable steps to avoid any substantial disadvantage to a disabled pupil being caused by the school's policies or practices (Equality Act 2010)
- ➤ Using our best endeavours to meet the needs of pupils with SEND (<u>Children and Families Act 2014</u>)
- > If a pupil has an education, health and care plan (EHCP), the provisions set out in that plan must be secured and the school must co-operate with the local authority and other bodies

As part of meeting these duties, the school will anticipate, as far as possible, all likely triggers of misbehaviour, and put in place support to prevent these from occurring.

Any preventative measures will take into account the specific circumstances and requirements of the pupil concerned.

This may include:

- > Short, planned movement breaks for a pupil with SEND who finds it difficult to sit still for long
- > Adjusting seating plans to allow a pupil with visual or hearing impairment to sit in sight of the teacher
- > Adjusting uniform requirements for a pupil with sensory issues or who has severe eczema
- > Training for staff in understanding conditions such as autism
- > Use of separation spaces (The Den) where pupils can regulate their emotions during a moment of sensory overload

9.2 Adapting sanctions for pupils with SEND

When considering a behavioural sanction for a pupil with SEND, the school will take into account:

- > Was the pupil unable to understand the rule or instruction?
- > Was the pupil unable to act differently at the time because of their SEND?
- > Is the pupil likely to behave aggressively due to their particular SEND?

If the answer to any of these questions is 'yes', it may be unlawful for the school to sanction the pupil for the behaviour.

The school will then assess if it is appropriate to use a sanction and if so, whether any reasonable adjustments need to be made to the sanction.

9.3 Considering whether a pupil displaying challenging behaviour may have unidentified SEND

The school's special educational needs co-ordinator (SENCO) may evaluate a pupil who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met.

Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs.

When acute needs are identified in a pupil, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that child. We will work with parents/carers to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

9.4 Pupils with an education, health and care plan (EHCP)

The provisions set out in the EHCP must be secured and the school will co-operate with the local authority and other bodies.

If the school has a concern about the behaviour of a pupil with an EHCP, it will make contact with the local authority to discuss the matter. If appropriate, the school may request an emergency review of the plan.

10. Links with other policies

This behaviour policy is linked to the following policies:

- > Exclusions policy
- > Child protection and safeguarding policy
- > Physical restraint policy
- > Online Safety Policy
- > Mobile phone policy

This behaviour policy will be reviewed by the headteacher and full governing body at least annually, or more frequently, if needed, to address findings from the regular monitoring of the behaviour data.

The written statement of behaviour principles (appendix 1) will be reviewed and approved by the full governing body annually.

Appendix 1: written statement of behaviour principles

The following behaviour principles underpin the school's approach to positive behaviour:

- Our Christian values are the foundation of our approach to behaviour, and we use them to talk to the pupils about their actions and to help them understand consequences
- Every pupil understands they have the right to feel safe, valued and respected, and learn free from the disruption of others
- All pupils, staff and visitors are free from any form of discrimination
- Staff and volunteers set an excellent example to pupils at all times
- Rewards, sanctions and reasonable force are used consistently by staff, in line with the behaviour policy
- The behaviour policy is understood by pupils and staff
- The exclusions policy explains that exclusions will only be used as a last resort, and outlines the processes involved in permanent and fixed-term exclusions
- Pupils are helped to take responsibility for their actions, say they are sorry and be forgiven.
- Families are involved in behaviour incidents to foster good relationships between the school and pupils' home life

The governing board also emphasises that violence or threatening behaviour will not be tolerated in any circumstances.